## We claim:

- A process for preparing mono- or diesters of
  polytetrahydrofuran or of tetrahydrofuran copolymers by
  polymerizing tetrahydrofuran in the presence of at least one
  telogen and/or of a comonomer over an acidic catalyst,
  wherein the polymerization reactor is started up using a
  mixture of polytetrahydrofuran, the mono- or diesters of
  polytetrahydrofuran and/or of the tetrahydrofuran copolymers,
  tetrahydrofuran, any comonomer and at least one carboxylic
  acid and/or one carboxylic anhydride.
- 2. A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the mono- or diesters of polytetrahydrofuran or of the tetrahydrofuran copolymers or the polytetrahydrofuran used for startup have an average molecular weight  $M_n$  of from 650 to 4000.
- A process as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the
   concentration of the polymer used for startup is from 20 to 80% by weight, based on the total amount of the mixture used for startup.
- 4. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the mixture used for startup comprises from 7 to 80% by weight of tetrahydrofuran or the total amount of tetrahydrofuran and comonomer, based on the total amount of the mixture used for startup.
- 30 5. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, wherein from 0.5 to 10% by weight of carboxylic anhydride are used for startup, based on the entire amount of the mixture used for startup.
- 35 6. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5, wherein acetic anhydride is used.
- A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 6, wherein, in addition to the carboxylic anhydride, up to 3% by weight,
   based on the total amount of the mixture used for startup, of carboxylic acid are used.
- A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7, wherein an inert solvent is added to the mixture used for starting up the polymerization reactor.

We claim:

anhydride.

- A process for preparing mono- or diesters of
  polytetrahydrofuran or of tetrahydrofuran copolymers by
  polymerizing tetrahydrofuran in the presence of at least one
  telogen and/or of a comonomer over an acidic catalyst,
  wherein the polymerization reactor is started up using a
  mixture of the polymer to be prepared by the process,
  polytetrahydrofuran, the mono- or diesters of
  polytetrahydrofuran and/or of the tetrahydrofuran copolymers,
  tetrahydrofuran, any comonomer and at least one carboxylic
- 15 2. A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the mono- or diesters of polytetrahydrofuran or of the tetrahydrofuran copolymers or the polytetrahydrofuran used for startup have an average molecular weight  $M_{\rm n}$  of from 650 to 4000.
- 20 3. A process as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the concentration of the polymer used for startup is from 20 to 80% by weight, based on the total amount of the mixture used for startup.
- 25 4. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the mixture used for startup comprises from 7 to 80% by weight of tetrahydrofuran or the total amount of tetrahydrofuran and comonomer, based on the total amount of the mixture used for startup.

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5. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, wherein from 0.5 to 10% by weight of carboxylic anhydride are used for startup, based on the entire amount of the mixture used for startup.

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- 6. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5, wherein acetic anhydride is used.
- 7. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 6, wherein, in
  40 addition to the carboxylic anhydride, up to 3% by weight,
  based on the total amount of the mixture used for startup, of
  carboxylic acid are used.
- 8. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7, wherein an inert solvent is added to the mixture used for starting up the polymerization reactor.

Preparation of mono- and diesters of polytetrahydrofuran and of tetrahydrofuran copolymers

## 5 Abstract

The present invention provides a process for preparing mono- or diesters of polytetrahydrofuran or of tetrahydrofuran copolymers by polymerizing tetrahydrofuran in the presence of at least one 10 telogen and/or of a comonomer over an acidic catalyst, wherein the polymerization reactor is started up using a mixture of polytetrahydrofuran, the mono- or diesters of polytetrahydrofuran and/or of the THF copolymers, tetrahydrofuran, any comonomer and at least one carboxylic acid and/or one carboxylic anhydride.